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(54) REMOTE CONTROL SYSTEM FOR RASTER SCANNED VIDEO DISPLAY

FERNSTEUERSYSTEM FÜR BILDANZEIGEGERÄT MIT ABTASTRASTER

SYSTEME DE TELECOMMANDE POUR ECRAN VIDEO A BALAYAGE DE TRAME

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(73) Proprietor: SEGA ENTERPRISES, LTD.
Tokyo 144 (JP)

(72) Inventors:
• SMITH, Jay
Los Angeles, CA 90049 (US)
• CURRAN, Kenneth, J.
Thousand Oaks, CA 91362 (US)

(74) Representative: Skone James, Robert Edmund et
al
GILL JENNINGS & EVERY
Broadgate House
7 Eldon Street
London EC2M 7LH (GB)

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Description**BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION****1. Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates generally to video input devices and more particularly to a remote aiming/input apparatus comprised of a mobile transceiver and a fixed transceiver for use with a raster scanned video terminal and a gaming unit.

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2. Description of Related Art

A standard television is an example of a raster scanned video terminal. An image is formed on a video terminal of this type by using a video signal to control an electron beam which scans across the video terminal, line after line, and frame after frame. The electron beam scans from left to right, and from top to bottom. After the electron beam completes a particular horizontal scan line, the electron beam is blanked and then quickly retraced to the left side to begin the next scan line. After an entire frame has been scanned, the electron beam is blanked and then returned to the upper left corner of the video terminal.

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In the video signal, the video data for a single frame is preceded by a vertical blanking pulse and, each scan line of the frame is preceded by a horizontal blanking pulse.

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There are known video control systems which determine the position of a target area of a television screen that is focused onto a photosensor contained in a user-controlled aiming unit. The known systems typically operate by measuring the time between the beginning of a new frame (i.e. the vertical blanking pulse) and the photosensor's detection of a horizontal scan line (image data) in the target area. Using appropriate software or firmware, it is a relatively simple matter to translate the time measurement into location data. One such system is the GENESIS 16 BIT MEGA SYSTEM® and an associated LIGHT PHASER®, both manufactured by Sega Corporation.

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The Sega LIGHT PHASER transmits video data to the GENESIS 16 BIT MEGA SYSTEM via a cable. Thus, a user is somewhat limited in terms of mobility and must always be conscious of the cable.

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Other systems have eliminated the cable hook-up and substituted an infrared IR system wherein the user-controlled aiming unit transmits image data to a separate IR receiver which is hard wired to the main video control unit. However, the known systems are complicated and relatively expensive. Typically, such known IR systems send image data and button press data in data blocks which are asynchronous with the television. Such asynchronous data blocks are typically relatively complicated, requiring header data to identify the beginning of a new data block, and dedicated bit positions with regard to the information being transmitted. An

expensive microprocessor is typically required in both the user-controlled aiming unit and in the IR receiver in order to accomplish the necessary encoding and decoding of such data blocks.

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US-A-4395045 describes a system for simulated shooting at displayed images on the screen of a television receiver using an untethered, simulated gun and provides indication on the screen of where the gun was pointed at the time of trigger pull. This is achieved by flashing the screen white subsequent a trigger pull in order that a photosensor within the gun will be responsive to short segments of horizontal raster lines such that by counting vertical lines and time intervals with respect to vertical and horizontal synchronization pulses, respectively, identification of where on the screen the gun was pointing is achieved, permitting a symbol to be displayed upon the screen at that location.

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The present invention is directed to providing a video control system which resolve the problems associated with the prior art.

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In accordance with the present invention, a video control system comprises an electronic gaming unit which executes a game program and which generates a video signal in response thereto; a raster scanned video display terminal which displays a video image in response to said video signal; a remote control system for controlling the game program including a fixed transceiver and a mobile transceiver including at the least one button which may be activated by a user and means for generating button-press data in response thereto and is characterised in that the raster scanned video display terminal displays the video image by using two alternating time phases, an image phase during which horizontal scan lines are displayed and a blank phase during which the display is blank; in that the fixed transceiver has a transmission means for transmitting time phase information denoting the blank phase and a receiving means for receiving data; and in that the mobile transceiver includes optical sensor means for observing a target area on the raster scanned video display terminal, receiving means for receiving the time phase information from the transmission means of the fixed transceiver, and a transmission means for transmitting data, said mobile transceiver transmitting the button-press data during the blank phase in response to the time phase information only and transmitting the image position data during the image phase.

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The present invention provides a video control system that is simple and cost effective to manufacture; which detects a target position on a television with high gain; and which will maintain the user's interest and be readily adaptable to a variety of game situations.

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The present invention also provides a sighting system that will relieve eye strain.

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The transceivers can include simple transmitters and receptors which, in the preferred embodiment, are comprised of IR diodes. The fixed receiver is controlled to transmit a pulse synchronously with the vertical retrace of the television. The mobile transceiver only

transmits its button press data upon receipt of such retrace pulse.

In the preferred embodiment, the mobile transceiver includes electro-optic circuitry for detecting when a scan line of the television passes through a target area aimed at by the user. The mobile transceiver is ordinarily continuously transmitting a scan line pulse to the fixed transceiver, whereupon the gaming unit may determine the position of the target area based on the timing of the scan line pulses. Upon receipt of a pulse from the fixed transceiver, the mobile transceiver will transmit button press data rather than scan line data.

The electro-optic circuitry preferably includes a two-port phototransistor which is optically biased to a desired gain point with an immediately adjacent LED.

In the preferred embodiment, the mobile transceiver is contained in a multi-piece housing which, to maintain the user's interest in the device and to allow it to be user-configured to various situations, includes a main unit, a stalk, and a sighting system. The main unit is always used as it is the portion which contains the actual circuitry. The stalk and sighting system may be optional added or removed.

The sighting system is preferably comprised of two viewing tubes arranged side-by-side in binocular fashion and a sighting member which may rotatably placed in front of either viewing tube. This arrangement adds further to the user's interest in the device and may relieve eye strain in that the sighting tube may be rotated in front of the user's stronger eye, the user's other eye still being able to see through the other viewing tube.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The objects and features of the present invention, which are believed to be novel, are set forth with particularity in the appended claims. The present invention, both as to its organization and manner of operation, together with further objects and advantages, may best be understood by reference to the following description, taken in connection with the accompanying drawings, wherein:

Figure 1 is an operational diagram of a mobile transceiver 10 and fixed transceiver 50 which collectively comprise a remote control system according to the present invention, and which may be used in conjunction with a television 70 and a gaming unit 60;

Figure 2 is a schematic block diagram of the preferred mobile transceiver 10; and

Figure 3 is a schematic block diagram of the preferred fixed transceiver 50;

Figure 4 is a perspective view of a preferred multipiece housing 100 for the mobile transceiver of Figure 1;

Figure 5 is an exploded view of the multipiece housing 100 of Figure 4;

Figure 6 is a detailed schematic diagram of the preferred circuitry of the mobile transceiver 10, with portions thereof which correspond to the schematic block diagram of Figure 2 identified as closely as possible; and

Figure 7 is a detailed schematic diagram of the preferred circuitry of the fixed transceiver 50, with portions thereof which correspond to the schematic block diagram of Figure 3 identified as closely as possible.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

As shown in Figure 1, the preferred embodiment of a remote control system according to the present invention is comprised of a pair of transceivers: a user-directed mobile transceiver 10 (which may or may not be in a gun-shaped housing 100 as shown) and a fixed transceiver 50. The transceivers 10, 50 are used in conjunction with a microprocessor controlled gaming unit 60, such as the Genesis 16 Bit Mega System® manufactured by Sega Corporation, and a raster scanned video display terminal 70, such as a standard television.

The gaming unit 60, typically under the control of a gaming program contained in a CD Rom 61, or other such storage means, generates a video signal 62 which causes the television 70 to display sequential game images that may be varied as the game progresses and in response to various user inputs. During operation, the user may aim the mobile transceiver 10 at a target area 74 on the television 70, whereby image data 73 contained within the target area 74 is focused onto a sensor device (described later) contained in the mobile transceiver 10 and then communicated the gaming unit 60 via the fixed transceiver 50. The gaming unit 60 is generally connected to the fixed transceiver 50 with a hard link 52. The fixed transceiver 50 provides a two-way wireless communications link 54 between the gaming unit 60 and the mobile transceiver 10, whereby the gaming unit 60 obtains the image data 73 from which it can determine the target location 72. In response to the image data 73, the gaming unit 60 locates the target area and, if desired, modifies the video signal 62 to generate a cursor 71 at the target location.

Figure 2 is a schematic block diagram of the mobile transceiver 10 shown in Figure 1. Figure 6 is an actual schematic of the presently preferred circuitry for implementing the mobile transceiver 10. To the extent possible, portions of the circuitry showing Figure 6 have been identified as corresponding to the functional blocks of Figure 2. In view of the functional diagram of Figure 2, it is not believed necessary to include a blow-by-blow signal level description of the circuit shown in Figure 6.

As shown in Figure 2, the circuitry of the mobile transceiver 10 may be conceptually divided into an intermediate IR Transmit Section 30 and two signal generating sections: an upper Target Focusing Section 20 and an IR Receive Section 40.

The upper Target Focusing Section 20 and the

lower IR Receive Section 40 are each connected to the IR Transmit Section through an OR gate 31. A pulse received at either input to the OR gate 31 causes a corresponding pulse to be issued at an output 31a. The output 31a of the OR gate 31 is connected to a one-shot 32 which then generates a 10 μ sec pulse on its output 32a. A driver 33 illuminates a pair of IR LEDs 34, 35 upon receipt of each one-shot output 32a pulse.

The Target Focusing Section 20 monitors the image data 73 contained within the target area 74 of the television 70. The image data 73 is focused through a lens 24 onto a phototransistor 22 which is sensitive to visible light. Thus, every time a horizontal scan line 76 passes through the target area 74, the phototransistor 22 generates a pulse which is amplified by an amplifier 25 and output as an amplified pulse signal 25a. A circuit 26 generates a reference voltage which is provided as a reference signal 26a. A comparator 27 compares the amplified pulse signal 25a with the reference signal 26a and, whenever the former exceeds the latter, outputs a horizontal scan detection signal 27a to the IR Transmit Section 30.

The Target Focusing Section 20 features an optical biasing LED 21 which, in the preferred embodiment, is physically located immediately adjacent to the phototransistor 22. The gain of the phototransistor 22 is very low at low collector currents (low light). The gain generally increases as the collector current increases. The use of the optical biasing LED 21 allows for the two-terminal phototransistor 22 instead of a standard three-terminal phototransistor having an electrical base drive input. The latter device is undesirable because an attempt to increase gain by biasing the base of the transistor may actually reduce gain. In particular, the resistive network used to electrically bias the device may act as a low impedance shunt for any photocurrent generated by the device. It has been discovered that a sensitivity increase of 10:1 can be obtained with the optical biasing LED 21, as compared to a sensor in darkness.

A bias driver 23 provides the necessary current to drive the biasing led 21 at a current which makes it sufficiently bright. Because the mobile transceiver is powered by batteries (not shown), the drive current provided by the bias driver 23 must be a compromise between brightness and reasonable battery life. At the present time, the preferred bias LED 21 is red in color and is driven at 10 mA. It is supposed that amber or orange LEDs may be preferred over red because of their generally higher quantum efficiencies.

The IR Receive Section 40 outputs button press data 45a to the IR Transmit Section 30 every time an IR pulse is sensed by an IR sensitive diode 41. An output of the diode 41 is enhanced with an amplifier 42. Thus, in response to the diode's receipt of an IR pulse, the amplifier 42 provides an amplified pulse signal 42a. A circuit 43 generates a reference voltage which is provided as a reference signal 43a. A comparator 44 compares the amplified pulse signal 42a with the reference signal 43a and, whenever the former exceeds the latter,

outputs an IR pulse detection signal 44a to an enable input of a pulse generator 45. Each time the pulse generator 45 receives a pulse at its enable input, it provides the button-press data 45a to the IR Transmit Section 30.

In the preferred embodiment, the IR Receive Section 40 operates with four switches SW1, SW2, SW3, and SW4. The button-press data 45a is preferably comprised of a variable string of pulses, the number of pulses based on which one or more of the switches SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4 was depressed at the time an IR pulse was sensed by the diode 41.

The following table identifies a preferred encoding system wherein SW1 is identified by one pulse, SW2 is identified by two pulses, SW3 is identified by four pulses, and SW4 is identified by eight pulses. If two or more of the switches was pressed, then the number of pulses generated by the pulse generator 45 is equal to the sum of the foregoing pulses. On the basis of this encoding system, each series of between 0 and 15 pulses uniquely identifies each possible combination of the four switches SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4 as follows:

No. of pulses	Switches Depressed			
0	none			
1				SW1
2			SW2	
3			SW2	SW1
4		SW3		
5			SW3	SW1
6	SW3	SW2		
7	SW3	SW2	SW1	
8	SW4			
9	SW4			SW1
10	SW4		SW2	
11	SW4		SW2	SW1
12	SW4	SW3		
13	SW4	SW3		SW1
14	SW4	SW3	SW2	
15	SW4	SW3	SW2	SW1

Figure 3 depicts a functional block diagram of the fixed transceiver 50 and Figure 7 is an actual schematic of the presently preferred circuitry for implementing the same. To the extent possible, portion of the circuitry showing Figure 7 have been identified as corresponding to the functional blocks of Figure 3. In view of the functional diagram of Figure 3, it is not believed necessary to include a blow-by-blow signal level description of the circuit shown in Figure 7.

Like schematic diagram of the mobile transceiver 10 shown in Figure 2, the diagram of the fixed transceiver 50 shown in Figure 3 may also be conceptually divided, but in this case into only two sections: an IR transmit section 80 and an IR Receive Section 90. As shown in Figure 1, the fixed transceiver 50 is connected to the gaming unit 60 via the connector plug P1 and the cable 52. The gaming unit 60, under the control of appropriate software, receives data from the fixed transceiver 50 and controls its operation.

The fixed transceiver's IR Transmit and Receive Sections 80, 90 respectively "talk" and "listen" to the conversely named IR Receive and Transmit Sections 40, 30 of the mobile transceiver. In the preferred embodiment, both transmission protocols are relatively simple, i.e. pulses of fixed duration.

The gaming unit 60 controls the operation of the fixed transceiver 50 with a variable length reset signal RST. As shown in Figure 3., the reset signal RST is provided to a counter 92 and a latch 93 in the IR Receive Section 90 and to a pulse length detector 82 in the IR Transmit Section 80.

In the preferred embodiment, the reset signal RST has only two different lengths: a counter reset signal which is between 2-3 μ sec long and a main reset signal which is about 10 μ sec long. The counter reset signal is issued after the counter data (switch data) is read at the end of the vertical blanking interval. The main reset signal is issued once at the beginning of each vertical retrace, i.e. 60 times per second at the beginning of each television frame. During the vertical blanking interval, no scan lines are present. Thus, the receiver may differentiate between the data from the button encoder and the visible scan line pulses. Switch data is generated during the vertical blanking interval and, therefore, there can be no scan lines present. To do this, a sync signal is provided at the beginning of the vertical retrace interval, and the mobile transceiver sends switch data. The game unit then reads the counter of the fixed transceiver at the end of the vertical interval, before any scan lines are generated. The game unit then resets the counter (without generating an IR sync pulse) and waits for scan lines to appear in the field of view.

The IR Receive Section 90 is comprised of an IR sensitive LED 91 which is connected across an amplifier 94. In response to the detection of an IR pulse by the diode 91, the amplifier 94 provides an amplified pulse signal 94a. A comparator 96 compares the amplified pulse signal 94a with a reference signal 95a provided by a circuit 95. The output 96a of the comparator is provided as a clock CLK input to a counter 92 configured as an up counter.

Thus, for each horizontal scan line 76 crossing the target area 74 and the corresponding IR pulse detected by diode 91, the counter 92 counts up, with its outputs Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 going successively from 0000 to 1111. Of all the scan lines which cross the target area, the central most scan line will provide the longest and highest intensity pulse, which will provide the least amount

of timing variation from frame to frame. On average, when the preferred mobile transceiver 10 is about ten feet away from a 21" television, the target area 74 encompasses about 20 scan lines. Thus, when the count reaches 8, i.e. when Q4 goes high to provide binary 8 (1000), then latch 93 is set and provides a scan line detection signal to the gaming unit 60 until it receives the reset signal RST. In order to accommodate other screen sites, other counts may be used.

10 In the IR Transmit Section 80, the pulse length detector 82 ignores the shorter counter reset signal, but, in response to a longer main reset signal outputs a reset detection signal 82a to a driver 84, which in turn pulses a pair of IR LEDs 85, 86. The IR pulse may be referred to as a vertical retrace pulse in that the IR LEDs 85, 86 are triggered at the beginning of each vertical retrace. The transmission of the vertical retrace pulse is the signal for the mobile transceiver 10 to send button-press data, if any.

15 20 The communication between the two transceivers can be summarized as follows. The mobile transceiver continuously transmits image position data comprised of a single pulse each time a horizontal scan line 76 through the target area 74 and, immediately after having received a vertical retrace pulse from the fixed transceiver, transmits button-press data comprised of between 0 and 15 pulses depending on the number of buttons currently pressed by the user, if any.

25 30 Figures 4 and 5 are respectively a perspective view and an exploded view of a preferred multipiece gun-shaped housing 100 for the mobile transceiver 10. As best shown in Figure 5, the housing 100 is comprised of three main components, separable from one another: a main body 110, a stalk 130, and a sighting system 150.

35 40 The main body 110 is comprised of a tube portion 112, a U-shaped grip 114 having a front member 118 and a rear member 116. The main body 110 actually houses the circuitry for the mobile transceiver shown in Figure 2. The lens 24 which focuses the target area 74 onto the phototransistor 22 is located at a front end of the tube portion 112 as shown in Figure 4 .

45 50 As best shown in Figure 4, the four switches SW1, SW2, SW3, SW4 are exposed on the exterior of the main body 110. One switch SW2 serves as the "Fire" switch and is positioned on the rear member 116 for activation by the user's index finger. The other three switches SW1, SW3, SW4 are located on the front member 118 for activation by the fingers of the user's other hand. Thus, the mobile transceiver 10 and housing 100 can serve not only as a targeting device ("Fire" button only), but also as a multibutton controller, with or without a visible cursor.

55 The tube portion 112 of the preferred main body 110 also includes two adjacent pairs of slots, an upper pair of slots 115, and a lower pair of slots 117. As suggested by the dashed lines in Figure 5, the upper pair of slots 115 receive the sighting system 150 and the lower pair of slots receive the stalk 130.

The stalk 130 is comprised of a body portion 132

and a pair of opposed inwardly-extending tabs 134 which surround a hollow portion 136. The sighting system is likewise comprised of a pair of opposed inwardly-extending tabs 154 which surround a hollow portion 156. The inwardly extending tabs 154, 134 respectively engage the upper and lower pairs of slots 115, 117 at the rear of the main body 110.

By this novel arrangement, the user is provided with a versatile easily-modified housing 100 for the mobile transceiver 10. With all three components 110, 130, 150 connected to one another, the user has a rifle-like housing 100 with a sighting system 130. Under certain conditions, the user may prefer to use just the main body 110 and the stalk 130. Under even other conditions, the user may use just the main body 110 in a pistol-like fashion.

The sighting system 150 is further comprised of a pair of viewing tubes 152 which appear like binoculars. In the preferred embodiment, the viewing tubes 152 do not contain any optics, but simply are configured with an interior transverse wall having a small hole through which the user may look. A rotatable member 153 having a hollow sight tube 158 is provided at a front end of a member 157 which extends forward of the viewing tubes 152. The hollow sight tube 158 may be rotated in front of a desired one of the viewing tubes 152. The user would ordinarily rotate the hollow sight tube 158 in front of the viewing tube 152 serving the user's strongest eye (i.e., the dominant eye).

Claims

1. A video system comprising:

an electronic gaming unit (60) which executes a game program and which generates a video signal in response thereto; a raster scanned video display terminal (70) which displays a video image in response to said video signal; a remote control system for controlling the game program including a fixed transceiver (50) and a mobile transceiver (10) including at the least one button which may be activated by a user and means for generating button-press data in response thereto, characterised in that the raster scanned video display terminal (70) displays the video image by using two alternating time phases, an image phase during which horizontal scan lines are displayed and a blank phase during which the display is blank; in that the fixed transceiver has a transmission means for transmitting time phase information denoting the blank phase and a receiving means for receiving data; and in that the mobile transceiver includes optical sensor means (20) for observing a target area on the raster scanned video display terminal, receiving means for receiving the time phase information from the

transmission means of the fixed transceiver, and a transmission means for transmitting data, said mobile transceiver transmitting the button-press data during the blank phase in response to the time phase information only and transmitting the image position data during the image phase.

- 5 2. The video system of claim 1, wherein the transmission means of the mobile and fixed transceivers (10,50) are comprised of IR transmitting diodes and wherein the reception means of the mobile and fixed transceivers are comprised of IR sensitive diodes.
- 10 3. The video system of claim 1, wherein the transmission means of the fixed transceiver (50) transmits only a single pulse at the beginning of the blank phase.
- 15 4. The video system of claim 3, wherein the means for generating button-press data is comprised of a means for detecting the single pulse transmitted by the fixed receiver (50) and a means for generating the button-press data based on the buttons which are depressed when the means for detecting detects the single pulse.
- 20 5. The video system of claim 4, wherein the button-press data is a pulse-train comprising a series of pulses, the number of pulses representing which of the buttons were depressed.
- 25 6. A method of synchronizing remote control signals in a video gaming system in which a gaming computer (60) generates a raster scanned image on a video display terminal (70), using two separate time phases to display said video image, an image phase during which horizontal scan lines are displayed and a blank phase during which the display is blank, the method comprising the steps of:

30 placing a fixed transceiver (50) for transmitting information and for receiving data in proximity to the video display terminal (70) and in electronic communication with the gaming computer; providing a mobile transceiver (10), including at the least one button which may be activated by a user to generate button-press data, an optical sensor to observe a target area on the video display terminal (70), electronics connected to said optical sensor to generate positional data, a receiver for receiving the information from said fixed transceiver and a transmitter for transmitting button-press and positional data to the fixed transceiver; transmitting time phase information from the fixed transceiver (50) to the mobile transceiver

(10), the information indicating when the blank phase begins; and transmitting button-press data, based on the time phase information, so that button-press data is transmitted only during the blank phase and the positional data is transmitted only during the image phase.

7. A remote control system for use with a raster scanned video terminal and a gaming unit which drives said video terminal comprising:

a fixed transceiver (10) which communicates with the gaming unit; and a mobile transceiver (50) having at least one button characterised in that the fixed transceiver includes an IR receiver which receives data and transmits such data to the gaming unit and an IR transmitter (34,35) which transmits a single retrace pulse in response to a signal provided by the gaming unit at a beginning of a vertical retrace of said video terminal; and in that the mobile transceiver (10) includes an IR receiver (22) which receives the single retrace pulse from the IR transmitter of said fixed transceiver (50) and, in response thereto, transmits data representative of whether or not the at least one button is depressed, whereby the gaming unit can determine if the user has depressed the at least one button at the end of each vertical retrace of said video terminal.

8. The remote control system of claim 7, wherein the mobile transceiver (10) further includes an electro-optic means for detecting when a horizontal scan line of said video terminal crosses a target area of said video terminal and for providing a scan line detection signal in response thereto, at the IR transmitter of the mobile transceiver normally transmitting a horizontal scan pulse in response to the scan line detection signal unless the IR receiver of the mobile transceiver has received the single retrace pulse, whereupon the IR transmitter of the mobile transceiver instead transmits data representative of whether or not the at least one button is depressed.

Patentansprüche

1. Videosystem mit:

einer elektronischen Spieleinheit (6), die ein Spielprogramm ausführt und ein Videosignal in Antwort darauf erzeugt; einem Raster-Scan-Bildschirm (70), der ein Videobild in Antwort auf das Videosignal anzeigt; einem Fernsteuerungssystem, das zum Steuern des Spielprogramms einen ortsfesten Sendeempfänger (50) und einen mobilen

Sendeempfänger (10) mit wenigstens einem Knopf aufweist, der von dem Anwender aktiviert werden kann, und einer Vorrichtung zum Erzeugen von Knopfdruckdaten in Antwort darauf, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß der Raster-Scan-Bildschirm (70) das Videobild durch Verwenden von zwei, einander abwechselnden Zeitphasen anzeigt, einer Bildphase, während der horizontale Abtastzeilen angezeigt werden, und einer Austastphase, während der Bildschirm leer ist; daß der ortsfeste Sendeempfänger eine Sendevorrichtung zum Übertragen von die Austastphase kennzeichnenden Zeitphaseninformationen und eine Empfangsvorrichtung zum Empfangen von Daten aufweist; und daß der mobile Sendeempfänger eine optische Sensorvorrichtung (20) zum Beobachten eines Zielgebietes auf dem Bildschirm, eine Empfangsvorrichtung zum Empfangen der Zeitphaseninformationen von der Sendevorrichtung des ortsfesten Sendeempfängers und eine Sendevorrichtung zum Aussenden von Daten aufweist, wobei der mobile Sendeempfänger die Knopfdruckdaten während der Austastphase nur in Antwort auf die Zeitphaseninformationen aussendet und die Bildpositionsdaten während der Bildphase aussendet.

2. Videosteuerungssystem nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Sendevorrichtung des mobilen und des ortsfesten Sendeempfängers (10,50) IR-Sendedioden aufweisen, und die Empfangsvorrichtung des mobilen und des ortsfesten Sendeempfängers IR-empfindliche Dioden aufweisen.
3. Videosteuerungssystem nach Anspruch 1, wobei die Sendevorrichtung des ortsfesten Sendeempfängers (50) nur einen einzigen Impuls zu Beginn der Austastphase aussendet.
4. Videosteuerungssystem nach Anspruch 3, wobei die Vorrichtung zum Erzeugen der Knopfdruckdaten eine Vorrichtung zum Detektieren des von dem ortsfesten Empfänger (50) ausgesendeten einzigen Impulses und eine Vorrichtung zum Erzeugen der Knopfdruckdaten aufweist, aufgrund der Knöpfe, die betätigt sind, wenn die Vorrichtung zum Detektieren den einzigen Impuls detektiert.
5. Videosteuerungssystem nach Anspruch 4, wobei die Knopfdruckdaten eine Impulsfolge mit einer Reihe von Impulsen bildet, und die Anzahl der Impulse die betätigten Knöpfe repräsentiert.
6. Verfahren zum Synchronisieren von Fernsteuerungssignalen in einem Videospielssystem, wobei ein Spielcomputer (60) ein abgerastertes Bild mittels eines Bildschirms (70) generiert, zwei separate

Zeitphasen zum Anzeigen des Videobildes verwendet werden, eine Bildphase, während der horizontale Abtastzeilen angezeigt werden, und eine Austastphase, während der der Bildschirm leer ist, das Verfahren mit den Schritten:

Anordnen eines ortsfesten Sendeempfängers (50) zum Übertragen von Informationen und zum Empfangen von Daten in der Nähe des Bildschirms (70) mittels elektronischer Kommunikation mit dem Spielcomputer;

Bereitstellen eines mobilen Sendempfängers (10), der wenigstens einen Knopf, der von dem Anwender zum Erzeugen von Knopfdruckdaten aktiviert werden kann, einen optischen Sensor zum Beobachten eines Zielgebiets auf dem Bildschirm (70), eine zum Erzeugen von Positionsdaten mit dem optischen Sensor verbundene Elektronik, einen Empfänger zum Empfangen von Informationen von dem ortsfesten Sendeempfänger und einen Sender zum Übertragen von Knopfdruckdaten und Positionsdaten zu dem ortsfesten Sendeempfänger aufweist;

Übertragen von Zeitphaseninformationen von dem ortsfesten Sendeempfänger (50) zu dem mobilen Sendeempfänger (10), wobei die Informationen den Beginn der Austastphase kennzeichnen; und

Übertragen von Knopfdruckdaten aufgrund der Zeitphaseninformationen, so daß Knopfdruckdaten nur während der Austastphase und die Positionsdaten nur während der Bildphase übertragen werden.

7. Fernsteuerungssystem zum Verwenden mit einem Raster-Scan-Bildschirm und eine Spieleinheit, die diesen Bildschirm steuert, mit:

einem ortsfesten Sendeempfänger (10), der mit der Spieleinheit kommuniziert; und einem mobilen Sendeempfänger (50) mit wenigstens einem Knopf, dadurch gekennzeichnet, daß der ortsfeste Sendeempfänger einen IR-Empfänger, der Daten empfängt und diese Daten an die Spieleinheit übermittelt, und einen IR-Sender (34,35) aufweist, der einen einzigen Rücklaufimpuls in Antwort auf ein Signal aussendet, das von der Spieleinheit zu Beginn einer vertikalen Rücklaufs des Bildschirms bereitgestellt wird; und daß der mobile Sendeempfänger (10) einen IR-Empfänger (22) aufweist, der den einzigen Rücklaufimpuls von dem IR-Sender des ortsfesten Sendeempfängers (50) empfängt und in Antwort darauf Daten aussendet, die repräsentativ dafür sind, ob wenigstens der eine Knopf betätigt oder nicht betätigt worden ist, wodurch die Spieleinheit bestimmen kann, ob der Anwender wenig-

stens einen Knopf am Ende jedes vertikalen Rücklaufs des Bildschirms betätigt hat.

8. Fernsteuerungssystem nach Anspruch 7, wobei der mobile Sendeempfänger (10) ferner eine optoelektronische Vorrichtung aufweist zum Detektieren, wenn eine horizontale Abtastzeile des Bildschirms ein Zielgebiet auf dem Bildschirm kreuzt, und zum Bereitstellen eines Abtastzeilendetektionssignals für den IR-Sender des mobilen Sendeempfängers in Antwort darauf, der normalerweise einen horizontalen Abtastimpuls in Antwort auf das Abtastzeilendetektionsignal aussendet, wenn der IR-Empfänger des mobilen Sendeempfängers nicht den einzigen Rücklaufimpuls empfangen hat, woraufhin der IR-Sender des mobilen Sendeempfängers stattdessen Daten aussendet, die repräsentativ dafür sind, ob wenigstens ein Knopf betätigt worden ist oder nicht.

Revendications

1. Système vidéo comprenant :

- une unité de jeu électronique (60) exécutant un programme de jeu et générant un signal vidéo en réponse;
- un poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70) affichant une image vidéo en réponse audit signal vidéo;
- un système de commande à distance pour la commande du programme de jeu comprenant un émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) et un émetteur/récepteur mobile (10) comprenant au moins un bouton pouvant être activé par un utilisateur et un moyen pour la génération de données de pressage de bouton en réponse;

système caractérisé en ce que le poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70) affiche l'image vidéo à l'aide de deux phases alternées dans le temps, une phase d'image durant laquelle les lignes de balayage horizontal sont affichées et une phase d'occultation pendant laquelle l'affichage est vide, en ce que l'émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) possède un moyen de transmission pour émettre une information de phase dans le temps désignant la phase d'occultation et un moyen de réception pour recevoir les données, et en ce que l'émetteur/récepteur mobile (10) comprend un moyen de capteur optique (20) pour observer une zone cible sur le poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70), un moyen de réception pour recevoir l'information de phase dans le temps du moyen de transmission de l'émetteur/récepteur fixe (50), et un moyen de transmission pour transmettre les données, ledit émetteur/récepteur mobile (10) transmettant les données de pressage de bouton pendant la

phase d'occultation en réponse seulement à l'information de phase dans le temps et transmettant les données de position d'image lors de la phase d'image.

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2. Système vidéo selon la revendication 1, dans lequel les moyens de transmission des émetteurs/récepteurs mobile et fixe (10, 50) comprennent des diodes à rayons infrarouge IR et dans lequel le moyen de réception des émetteurs/récepteurs mobile et fixe (10, 50) comprennent des diodes sensibles aux rayons infrarouge IR.

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3. Système vidéo selon la revendication 1, dans lequel le moyen de transmission de l'émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) ne transmet qu'une seule impulsion au début de la phase d'occultation.

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4. Système vidéo selon la revendication 3, dans lequel le moyen pour la génération des données de pressage de bouton comprend un moyen pour détecter la seule impulsion transmise par l'émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) et un moyen pour générer des données de pressage de bouton sur la base des boutons qui ont été pressés lorsque le moyen de détection détecte la seule impulsion.

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5. Système vidéo selon la revendication 4, dans lequel les données de pressage de bouton sont un train d'impulsions comprenant une série d'impulsions, le nombre d'impulsions représentant lequel des boutons a été pressé.

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6. Procédé de synchronisation de signaux de commande à distance dans un système de jeu vidéo dans lequel un ordinateur de jeu (60) génère une image par balayage de trame sur un poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70) à l'aide deux phases séparées dans le temps pour afficher ladite image vidéo, une phase d'image durant laquelle des lignes de balayage horizontal sont affichées et une phase d'occultation durant laquelle l'affichage est vide, procédé comprenant les étapes suivantes :

- le placement d'un émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) pour la transmission d'une information et pour la réception de données près du poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70) et en communication électronique avec l'ordinateur de jeu (60);
- la prévision d'un émetteur/récepteur mobile (10) comprenant au moins un bouton pouvant être activé par un utilisateur pour générer des données de pressage de bouton, un capteur optique pour observer une zone cible sur le poste d'affichage vidéo à balayage par trames (70), une électronique raccordée audit capteur optique pour générer des données de position,

un récepteur pour recevoir l'information dudit émetteur/récepteur fixe (50) et un émetteur pour transmettre les données de pressage de bouton et de position vers l'émetteur/récepteur fixe (50);

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8380
8385<br

reçu la seule impulsion de retour de balayage, l'émetteur à rayons infrarouge IR de l'émetteur/récepteur mobile (10) émettant alors des données représentant le fait qu'au moins un bouton est pressé ou non.

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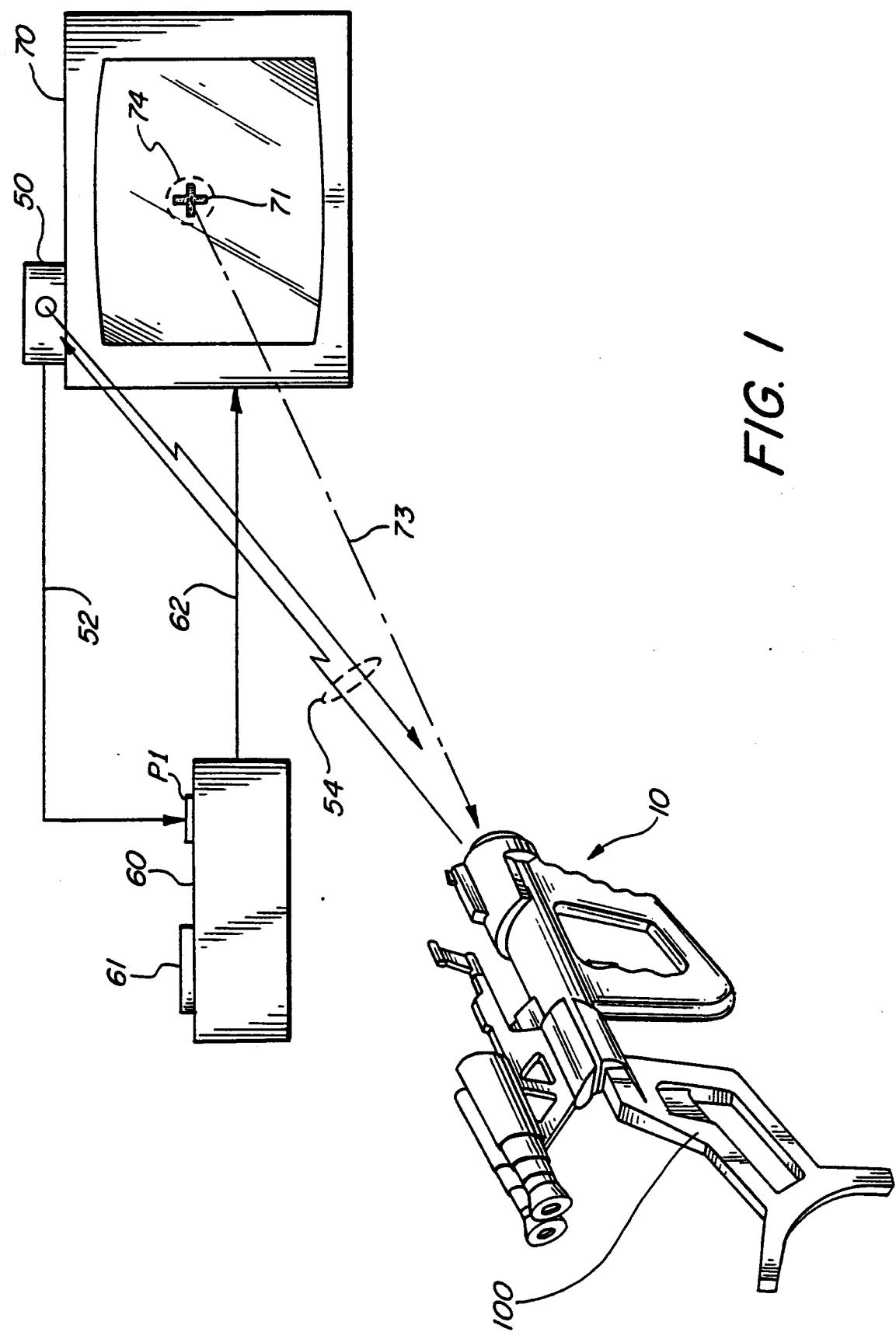


FIG. 1

FIG. 2

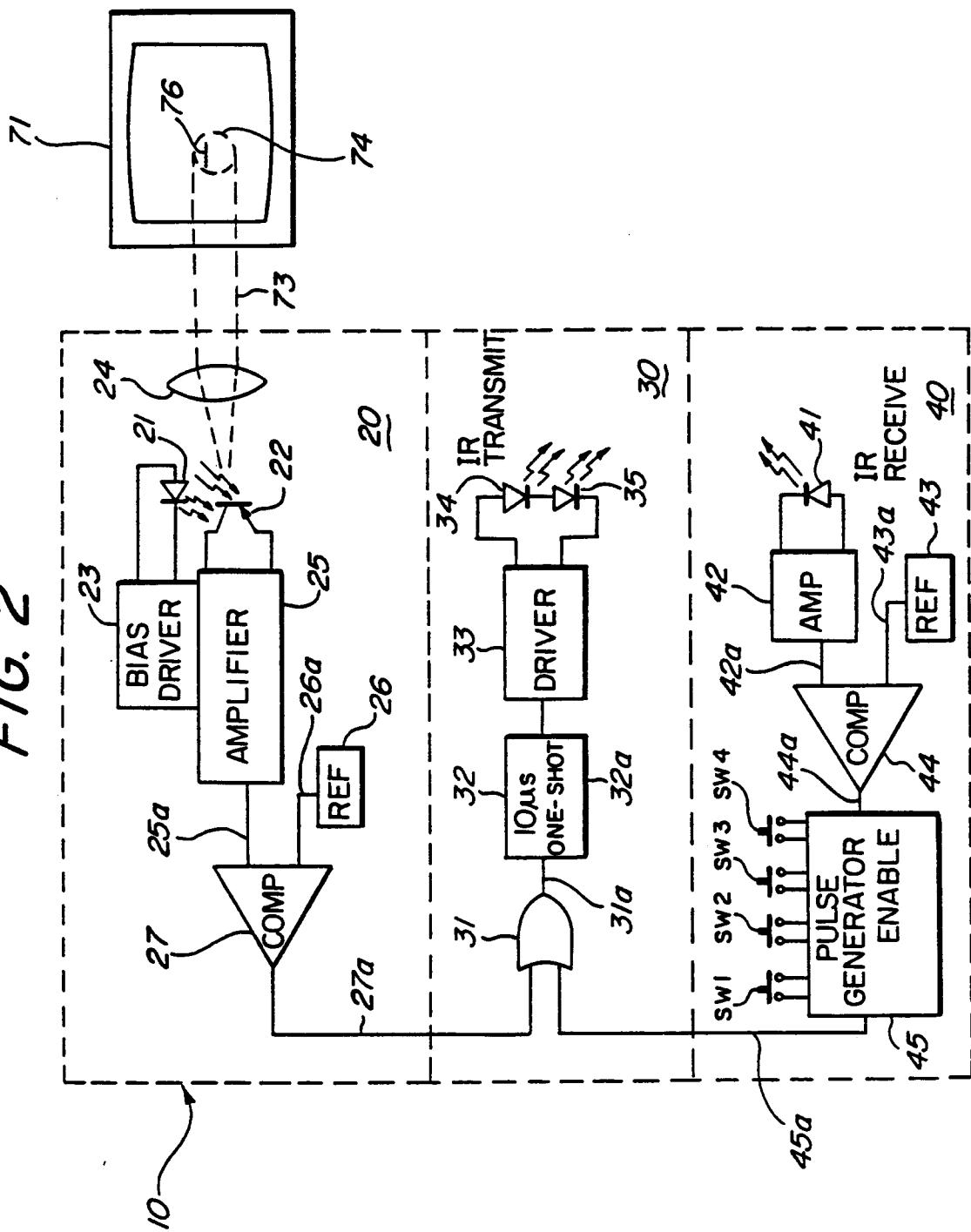


FIG. 3

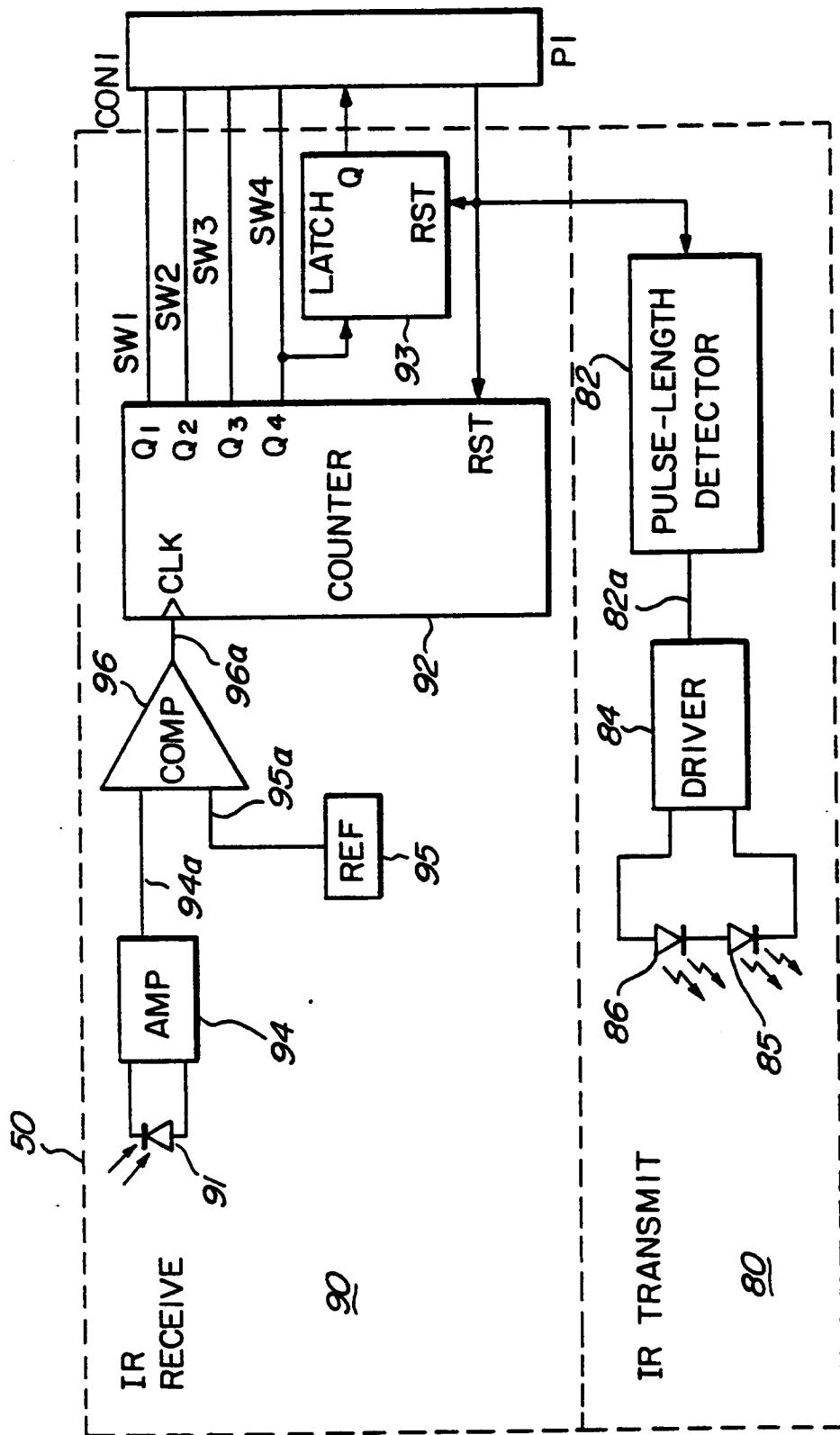


FIG. 4

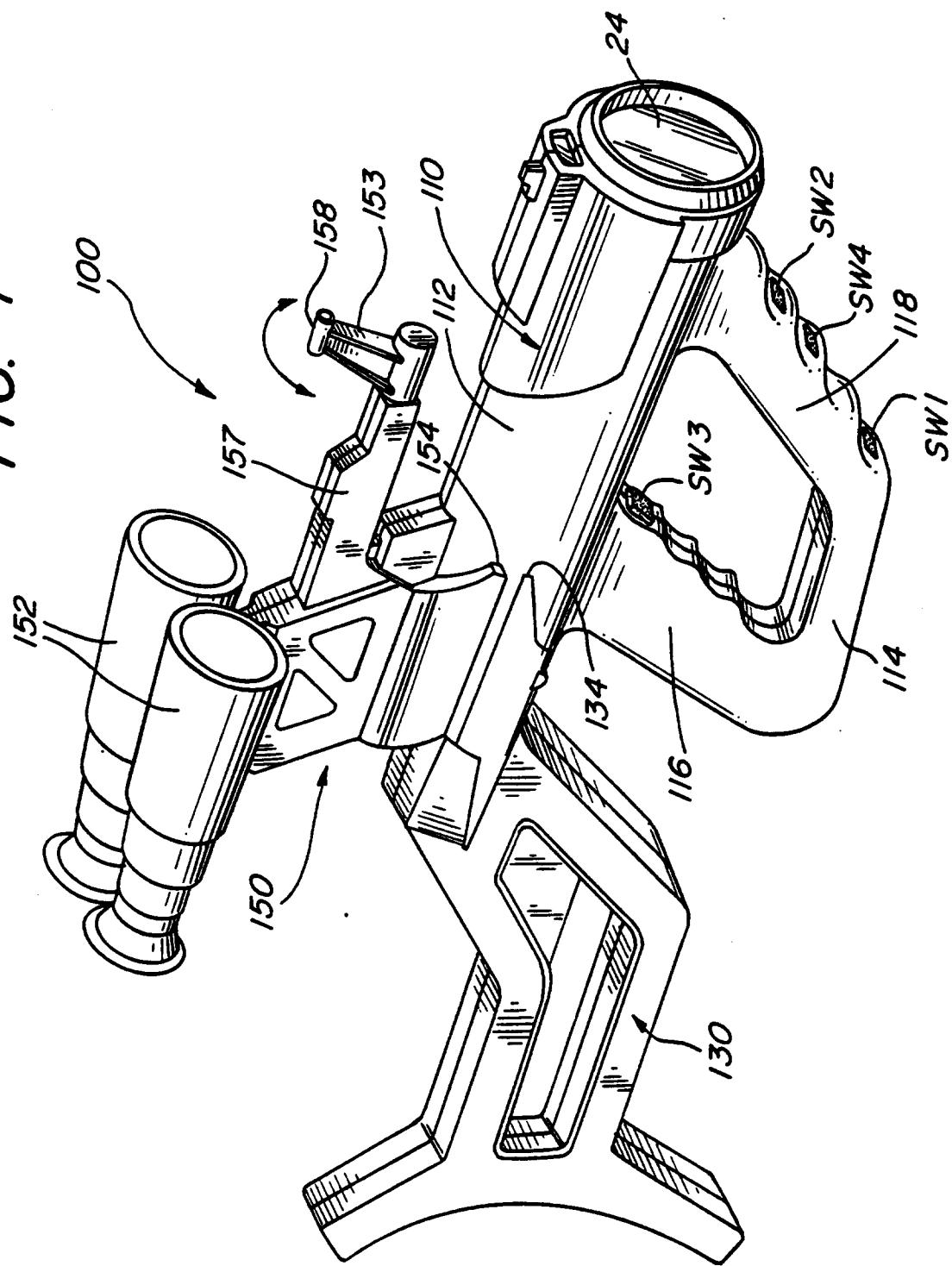


FIG. 5

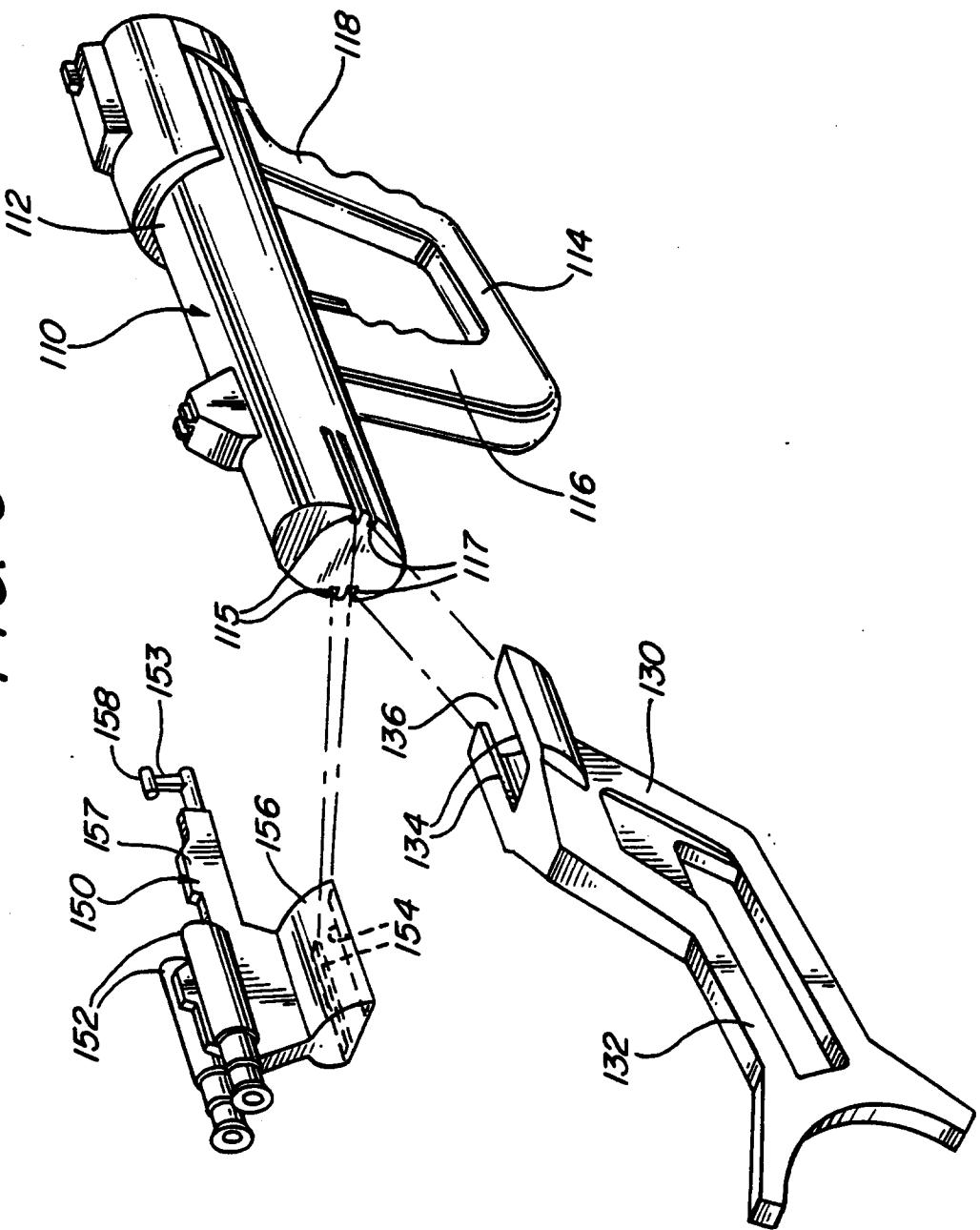


FIG. 6

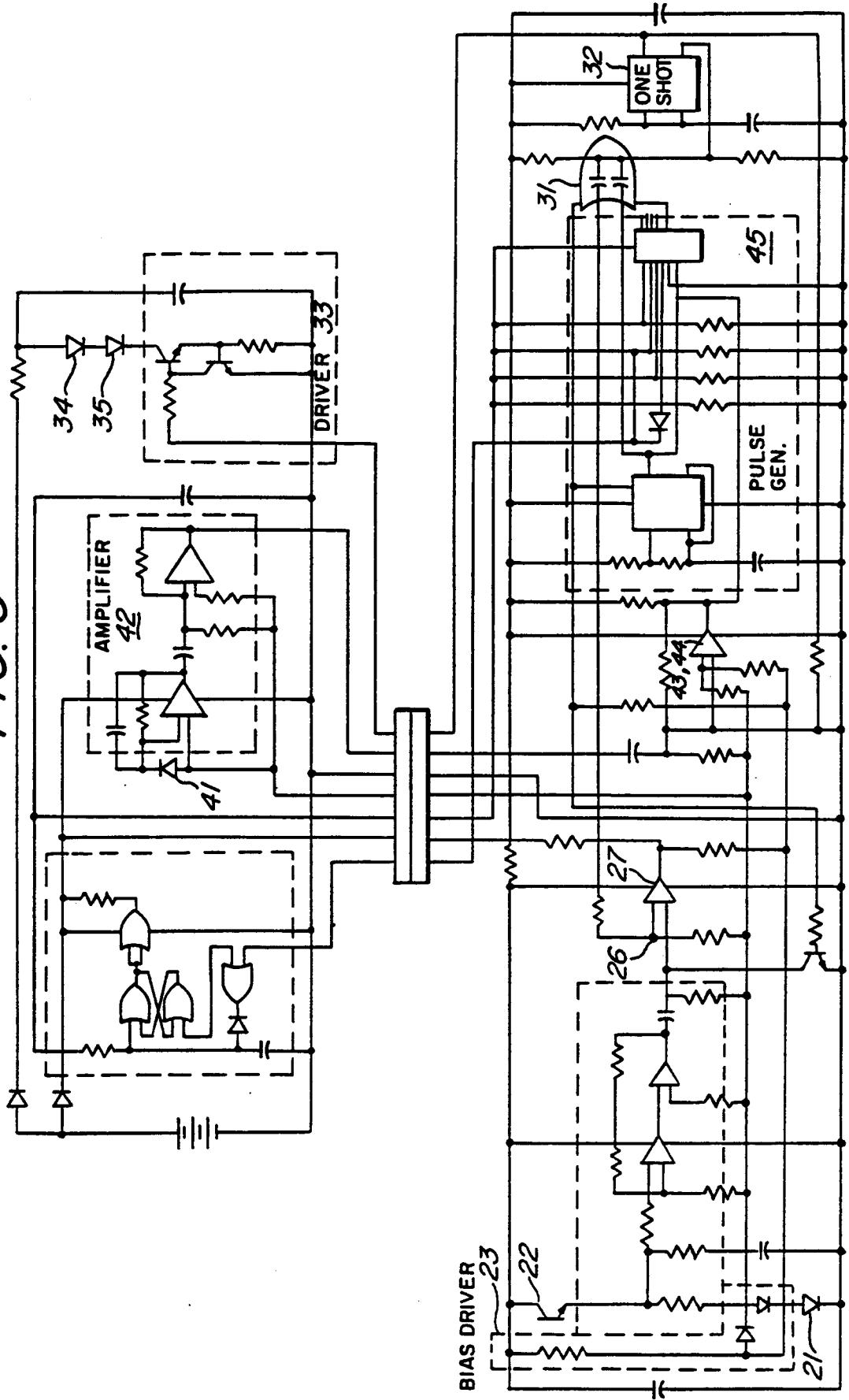


FIG. 7

