"Maple Bus 1.0" Function Type Specifications FT₄: Audio input device Function

Revision 1.0

Produced by
CS Hardware Division 2
Sega Enterprises, Inc.



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Revision:

| Rev0.1 1997/12/17 | Preliminary Specifications |
|--------------------|--|
| Rev0.3 1998/01/05 | Partial change of Get_Sampling_Date subcommand |
| | Header data detail change for DataTransfer command to send Sampling data |
| Rev0.4 1998/01/11 | Deleted AGC subcommand |
| | Added Test_Mode subcommand |
| Rev0.41 1998/01/17 | Changed send frame of all commands |
| | Added EXTU_BIT subcommand |
| | Partially changed Test_Mode function description |
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| | Changed command frame configuration to actual transmission |
| | Added description to subcommand table |
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| | μ-Low → μ-Law |
| | Revised description of function definition block |
| Rev0.9 1998/11/11 | Ammended EXTU subcommand |
| Rev1.0 2000/03/15 | Added 3.1.5 Volume_Mode Subcommand. |
| | Added 2.2, Explanation of 1st F <mark>unct</mark> ion Definition Block. |
| | Added 2.3, Explanation of 2nd and 3rd Function Definition Blocks. |
| | Added explanation of subcommand 06H, p. 7. |

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1 Audio Input Device Outline

1.1 Audio Input Device Definition

The audio input device serves to send digital data to the new-generation game machine (hereafter called "host"), based on the Maple Bus specifications. The audio input device performs this function according to the following two methods:

- Analog data (audio) are converted into digital data and sent to host without further processing
- Analog data (audio) are analyzed by the device, and the result only is sent to the host, using a special format
- * At this point, specifications for devices using the second method are not finalized. The current document therefore excludes this method from the definition of basic functions and treats it as a special function.
- * As of Mar 15, 2000, application peripherals are the mike device and the Dreameye mike device.

1.2 Basic Functions Definition

The audio input device for the new-generation game machine (belonging to FT₄ of the Maple Bus specifications) is defined by the following basic functions.

- A/D conversion capability using specified sampling frequency and quantization.
 - → Sampling frequency and quantization can be specified in up to four steps.
- Memory capacity to store a minimum of 1.3 INT worth of sampling data (digital data). (preliminary)

There is a possibility that the above basic functions may be handled as special functions in future.

1.3 Special Functions

Audio input devices for the new-generation game machine with functions to improve voice recognition, generate sampling data, perform automatic volume adjustment, etc. may be developed in future. A protocol for "Audio Input Devices With Special Functions" corresponding to the Maple Bus specifications allows for a maximum of 32 special (expanded) functions.

2 Audio Input Device ID Setting

2.1 Function Type

The audio input device belongs to the function type FT₄, which is defined as shown in the table below.

Table 2-1 Function types

| bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1st Data | Undefined |
| 2nd Data | Undefined |
| 3rd Data | Undefined |
| 4th Data | Undefined | Undefined | Undefined | 1 | Undefined | Undefined | Undefined | Undefined |

2.2 1st function definition block (command list)

The components of the 1st function definition block for the Dreameye mike device are as follows.

Table 2-2 1st function definition block for the Dreameye mike device

| Bit | Corresponding subcommand | Setting value | Bit | Corresponding subcommand | Setting value |
|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| FD1 ₃₁ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₅ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₃₀ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₄ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₉ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₃ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₈ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₂ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₇ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₁ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₆ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₁₀ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₅ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₉ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₄ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₈ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₃ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₇ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₂ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₆ | Reserved | 0 |
| FD1 ₂₁ | Reserved | 0 | FD1₅ | Use prohibited (fixed) | 1 |
| FD1 ₂₀ | Reserved | 0 | FD1₄ | Volume_Mode | 1 |
| FD1 ₁₉ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₃ | EXTU_BIT | 1 |
| FD1 ₁₈ | Reserved | 0 | FD1 ₂ | AMP_GAIN | 1 |
| FD1 ₁₇ | Reserved | 0 | FD1₁ | Basic_Control | 1 |
| FD1 ₁₆ | Reserved | 0 | FD1₀ | Get_Sampling_Data | 1 |

Table 2-3 1st function definition block

| Bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5th Data | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 6th Data | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 7th Data | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 8th Data | 0 | 0 | * | * | * | * | * | * |

The subcommands supported by peripherals belonging to FT₄ can be determined by checking the above information with Device_All_Status. If an unsupported subcommand is used, Command_Unknown is returned.

Example: When the Volume_Mode subcommand is sent to the mike device (1st function definition block = 0Fh), Command_Unknown is returned because the subcommand is not supported.

2.3 2nd, 3rd Function Definition Blocks of the Dreameye Mike Device

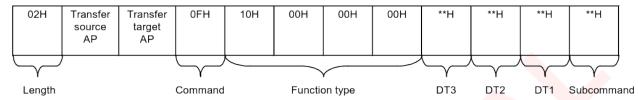
The 2nd and 3rd function definition blocks of the Dreameye mike device are both 00H.

3 Audio Input Device Command Configuration

The illustration below shows the frame configuration for commands sent by the host to the audio input device. (Start and end patterns are omitted.)

Note that the frame shown here represents the configuration in actual data transfer.

Table 3-1 Dedicated commands for audio input device



The function of the audio input device is determined by the "subcommand," "DT1", "DT2", and "DT3". Available subcommands are listed below.

Issue privilege Subcommand name Subcommand Response Host Undefined 00H Command Unknown Get_Sampling_Data 01H Data Transfer Basic_Control 02H Device Reply AMP GAIN 03H Device Reply **EXTU BIT** 04H **Device Reply** Volume Mode 05H Device Reply Use prohibited 06H 07H - FBH Undefined Undefined Audio input device Test Mode **FCH** Data Transfer (preliminary) Undefined **FEH**

Table 3-2 Subcommands

* Up to 32 audio input device subcommand types can be registered. Subcommands from the host therefore range from 00H to 1FH.

FFH

Undefined

- * Various audio input devices will have different special functions. Therefore the host must obtain the 1st function definition block (device function subcommand list) from the audio input device connected with the "Device Request".
- * Use of subcommand 06H is not permitted. Do not send subcommand 06H even if the FD1₅ bit of the 1st function definition block has been set to "1" with Device_Status for a peripheral device belonging to FT₄. This bit will not be allocated to new functions in any FT₄ peripheral devices to be developed in the future.

3.1 Audio Input Device Subcommands

In this document, a string that is returned by the audio input device in response to a command sent from the host is called "response". The subcommand table is assumed to be stored in the work RAM of the host. The left side is low-order address and the right side the high-order address.

3.1.1 Get_Sampling_Data Subcommand

Function: Used by host to request sampling data and set AMP gain.

Issue privilege: Host

Table 3-3 Get_Sampling_Data subcommand

| Subcommand | DT1 | DT2 | DT3 |
|------------|-------------------|----------|----------|
| 01H | AMP gain value | Reserved | Reserved |

DT1: AMP gain setting

DT2: ReservedDT3: Reserved

Response: See "DataTransfer Command To Send Sampling Data"

3.1.2 Basic_Control Subcommand

Function: Sets the following functions.

· Start/stop sound sampling

• Select sampling frequency

• Select sampling bit count

Issue privilege: Host

Table 3-4 Basic_Control subcommand

| Subcommand DT1 | | DT2 | DT3 | |
|----------------|-----------|----------|----------|--|
| 02H | See below | Reserved | Reserved | |

DT1:

| bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-----|----------|---|---|---|---|---------------|-------|---------|
| DT1 | Sampling | 0 | 0 | 0 | | pling ency | Quant | ization |

Sampling:

Setting this bit to "1" starts sampling. Setting the bit to "0" stops sampling.

Sampling frequency:

The following four settings are available for the sampling frequency.

| Setting value | Setting level |
|---------------|---------------|
| 00 | LEVEL0 |
| 01 | LEVEL1 |
| 10 | LEVEL2 |
| 11 | LEVEL3 |

Quantization:

The following four settings are available for the sampling bit rate (quantization).

| Setting value | Setting level |
|---------------|---------------|
| 00 | LEVEL0 |
| 01 | LEVEL1 |
| 10 | LEVEL2 |
| 11 | LEVEL3 |

DT2: ReservedDT3: Reserved

Response: Standard Maple Bus "Device Reply" is sent.

3.1.3 AMP_Control Subcommand

Function: Sets the sound input AMP gain value.

Issue privilege: Host

Table 3-5 AMP_Control subcommand

| Subcommand | Subcommand DT1 | | DT3 | |
|------------|----------------|----------|----------|--|
| 03H | See below | Reserved | Reserved | |

DT1: AMP gain setting value

| bit | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 256 possible settings from 00H - FFH | | | | | | | |

DT2: ReservedDT3: Reserved

Response: Standard Maple Bus "Device Reply" is sent.

3.1.4 EXTU_BIT Subcommand

Function: Sampling data can be expanded in devices belonging to FT₄.

The method used or expanding sampling data is specified using this command.

Table 3-6 Sampling data format

| bit | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|-----|-----|---------------------|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D | MSB | B Sampling data LSB | | | | | | | * | * | | | | | | |

Issue Privilege: Host

Table 3-7 EXTU_BIT subcommand

| Subcommand | DT1 | DT2 | DT3 |
|------------|-----------|-----|-----|
| 04H | See below | 00H | 00H |

DT1: See table below

| Setting value | Expansion contents |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| 00H | Lower 2 bits are set at "00" |
| 01H | LSB 2 bits are copied to "**" |
| 02H | Lower 2 bits are set at "10" |
| 03H | Use prohibited |
| | |
| FFH | Use prohibited |

^{*} If out-of-range values 03H - FFH are received, existing setting values are retained.

In this case, the SIP returns the "Command Unknown" response.

DT2: 00H **DT3**: 00H

Response: Standard Maple Bus "Device Reply" is sent.

3.1.5 Volume_Mode Subcommand

Function:

• Changes the amplification reference.

Issue privilege: Host

Table 3-8 Volume_Mode subcommand

| Subcommand | DT1 | DT2 | DT3 |
|------------|-----------|-----|-----|
| 04H | See below | 00H | 00H |

DT1:

| Setting value | Setting |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| 00H | +30dB |
| 01H | +12dB |
| 02H | Reserved (status maintained) |
| | |
| FFH | Reserved (status maintained) |

^{*} If out-of-range values 03H - FFH are received, existing setting values are retained. In this case, the SIP returns the "Command Unknown" response.

Response: Standard Maple Bus "Device Reply" is sent.

3.1.6 Test_Mode Subcommand (Preliminary)

Function: Test mode for debugging. For information on the format, see the specifications for each device. The command is designed to be used only for debugging. It may not be used in an application.

Issue privilege: Host

Table 3-9 Test_Mode subcommand

| Subcommand | DT1 | DT2 | DT3 |
|------------|----------|----------|----------|
| FCH | Reserved | Reserved | Reserved |

DT1: Reserved DT2: Reserved DT3: Reserved

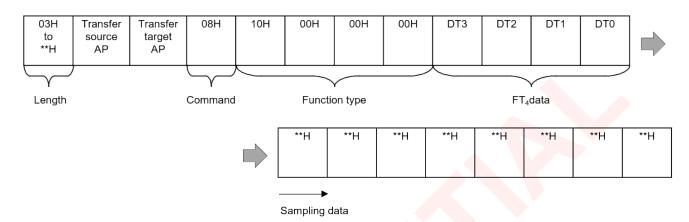
Response: Standard Maple Bus "Data Transfer" is sent.

3.1.7 DataTransfer Command To Send Sampling Data

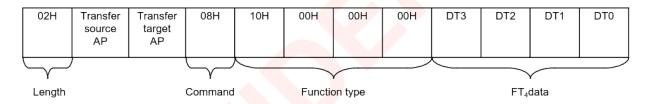
Function: Transfer of sampling data currently stored by audio input device.

Issue privilege: Device, extended device

* Note that the frame shown here represents the configuration in actual data transfer.



If no sampling was carried out and a request for sampling data is received from the host, the frame shown below (no sampling data) is sent.



Response: When FT₄ data (sampling data) are sent, the frame is assembled as shown in the above illustration.

| DT0 | DT1 | DT2 | DT3 |
|------------------------|-------------------|---------------|----------------|
| FT ₄ status | AMP setting value | For expansion | Sampling count |

Sampling count: Number of times sampling has been carried out.

AMP setting value: Currently selected input gain.

• FT₄ status: Shown below

| BIT | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
|------|--------|-------|---|--------|--------|------|-------|----|
| NAME | EX_BIT | SBFOV | 0 | 14LSB1 | 14LSB0 | SMPL | μ-Law | Fs |

EX_BIT: Expansion bit for new functions. When this bit is "1", the connected peripheral

incorporates another function besides the basic functions. "DT2" comprises

the status data for the new function. Details are still pending.

SBFOV: Sampling data buffer overflow condition (0: normal, 1: overflow)

14LSB1,0: Linear sampling data expansion method flag

SMPL: Sampling operation start (0: stop, 1: Execute sampling) μ -Law: CODEC conversion (0: 14 bit linear, 1: 8 bit μ -Law CODEC) Fs: Sampling frequency setting (0:11.025 kHz, 1: 8.0 kHz)